

Site Assessment

1. Staffing and Training

Study Staff Involved in Project

Delegation/signature log on file – Principal Investigator (PI) signed delegations

Curriculum Vitae (CV) on file - sign and dated by each person

Qualifications

Experience

Job descriptions – on file, signed by staff

Protocol specific training – who, what, when, where on file

Good Clinical Practice (GCP) training – certificate on file

Human Subject Protection (HSP) training – certificate on file for staff having direct patient contact

International Air Transport Association (IATA) training – valid certification on file for laboratory technicians or other staff responsible for packaging and shipping samples

2. Facilities

Location of PI office and other research staff

Communication services and equipment, i.e, Internet access, printer, photocopier, etc. – availability and location

Clinical Facilities

Where, how, and who consent patients for this study

Adequate privacy

Where, how, and who see patients on this study

Adequate privacy

Biohazard waste containers (if applicable)

What emergency systems are in place

Crash Carts

Paging/contact systems

24/7 research unit

On call staff

Where and how are study supplies received and stored

Where and how are research specimens obtained

Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) for research staff
exposure

Post Exposure Prophylaxis (PEP) plan

Biohazard waste containers

Disposal process

Where and how are research specimens processed

SOP for research staff exposure

PEP plan

Biohazard waste containers

Disposal process

Where and how are research specimens stored?

Monitoring of temperature

Ambient

Refrigerator

Freezer

Alarm system

Locked/security/access

Back up generator with adequate supply

Where and how is study medication received, dispensed and
returned

Alarm system

Locked/security/access

Back up generator with adequate supply

Where and how are study records (source and research file) stored

Locked/security/access

Where is data processing area

Locked/security/access

3. SOPs or Policy and Procedures – Site specific, signed by PI or other appropriate director, i.e., Laboratory Director, Pharmacy Director

Source documentation

Essential documents

Communications

Recruitment and retention of study participants

Informed Consent Process

Maintaining confidentiality of records

Study visit policy and procedure

Verification of Eligibility

HIV Voluntary Counseling and Testing (VCT)

Laboratory procedures, including specimen plan

Exposure control plan, including PEP procedures

Pharmacy procedures

Data management procedures

Quality management plan

Essential documents

Data

Specimens

Medications

Assessing, managing and reporting adverse events and serious adverse events

Data and safety monitoring and reporting

Managing medical emergencies

4. Day to day management and medical oversight of the study

Regulatory Obligations

Institutional Review Board and/or Institutional Ethics Committee

[IRB(s)/IEC(s)] with oversight responsibility – local and other(s)

Current Office of Human Research Protection (OHRP)
assurance

Membership roster

Evidence that PI or other study staff absent from
voting on protocol if on IRB/IEC

Other applicable regulatory authorities

Host country regulations and approval process

United States and/or Tanzania (US/TZ) Food and Drug
Administration (FDA) Investigational New Drug (IND) application
(if applicable)

Federalwide Assurance (FWA)

National Institute of Allergies and Infectious Diseases (NIAID)

Clinical Terms of Award (if applicable)

Essential documents file

Locked/security/access

Timely submissions and notifications

All versions on file

Correspondence to and from regulatory officials on file

Documented approval for original submission and
any revisions

approval letter

stamp date legible

version # and date on submission letter and

ICF

Serious adverse event (SAE) and unexpected events
related to research

Data Safety Monitoring Board (DSMB) reports

Safety reports

Investigator Brochure(s)

Annual reports

External audit reports (if applicable)

Coordinated version date and amendment and/or addendum
captured on ICF and submissions

Recruitment/study referral material submitted prior to use

Communication/coordination with all research staff

Procedure for coordinating IRB/IEC submissions

Current working version

SAE and unexpected events

Independent safety monitoring or DSMB

Internal quality assurance and quality management
(QA/QM) findings (if applicable)

Regular staff meetings and documentation

Documentation of correspondence with regulatory
authorities

Laboratory Certification or training

Normal value range

Monitoring log

Sample case report forms

Clinical obligations

Subject Recruitment

Screening record

Subject enrollment log

Informed Consent Form (ICF) verification

Original signed and dated on file

Documentation of process in source documentation

Illiterate patients have ICF witnessed and signed by
impartial third person

Signatures in proper signature line

Each page initialed by potential subject

Subject dates on line (if literate, document who dates and
writes patient name, in addition to “mark” by subject)

- Backward translation consistent with English approved and documentation exists to confirm
- Source to research file verification
- AEs/SAEs reporting and management
- Quality Assurance and Quality Control Activities (QA & QC)
 - Responsible person identified
 - Established QC processes
 - Eligibility checklist
 - Visit calendars
 - Visit reminders
 - Data entry and transmission reports
 - Data queries
 - Delinquency lists
 - Established QA processes
 - Verification of ICF
 - Eligibility criteria
 - Protocol required evaluations
 - Concomitant medications
 - AE & SAE identification and reporting
 - Written procedures for assessing, managing, and reporting
 - Who assesses seriousness and causality
 - How is seriousness and causality assessed
 - Comply with regulatory requirements
 - Immediate reporting
 - Annual report to regulatory authorities
 - Tracked to resolution
 - Written procedures for management of medical emergencies
- Clinical endpoint identification
- Identifying trends in missed visits and follow up

5. Other

Adequate patient population for study

Competing trials at site

Availability of study staff

Adequate space for auditing

Other observations