The GALLOPS curriculum and assessment tools were developed by mapping it to the WHO GPSAP Framework for Action, and the implementation guided by the Logic Model, where resources, activities, outputs in achieving the short, medium, and long-term goals carefully examined (Figure 2).

The GALLOPS Ambassador Network was formed where leaders shared good practices and areas of improvement through the use of the GPSAP assessment tool. The tool was developed from the GPSAP seven strategy objectives (SOs) and stratified into 35 strategies of patient safety strategies. The scale from 1 to 5, with 1 being “not established” to 5 being “strongly established with good practices” for each of the 35 strategies. Along with this, the self-assessment tool also aims to gather qualitative responses, which strengthen the numerical data to be analyzed for establishing the landscape of patient safety in the Asia-Pacific.

The initial responses from centers from 7 countries of the 16 countries in March 2022 were analyzed (Figure 3). The overall mean scores of all self-assessed SOs for Countries A (4.30), B (3.66), C (3.20), D (3.09), E (2.48), F (2.12), and G (1.94). SO3 (Safety of clinical processes) had the highest mean of 3.53, while SO6 (Information and research) and SO4 (Patient and family engagement) had the lowest average of 2.88 and 2.67 respectively.

GALLOPS platform has successfully fostered a network that encourages collaborative communication and open sharing of best practices. The platform will continue to grow as more countries participate throughout 2030.

Our future goals are as follows:
1) Organize GALLOPS second Conference in Singapore in November’22
2) Collect up to 15 countries’ WHO GPSAP self-assessment tool responses to expand our database

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT: SingHealth Duke-NUS Institute for Patient Safety & Quality and GALLOPS Asia Pacific Partners